

Author: Jonathan Trobe, MD, 2009

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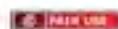
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COMMON EYE SYMPTOMS

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Causes of Transient Visual Loss

- Monocular
 1. If abrupt onset, usually ischemia to retina or optic nerve
 2. Local causes: papilledema or impending retinal or optic nerve vascular occlusion
 3. Remote causes: cervical carotid artery stenosis or systemic hypotension

Abrupt visual loss in one eye is usually caused by ischemia. The lack of perfusion may be occurring from a problem in the eye (crowded optic disc, narrowed ocular vessels), in the carotid artery, or because of transient systemic hypotension.

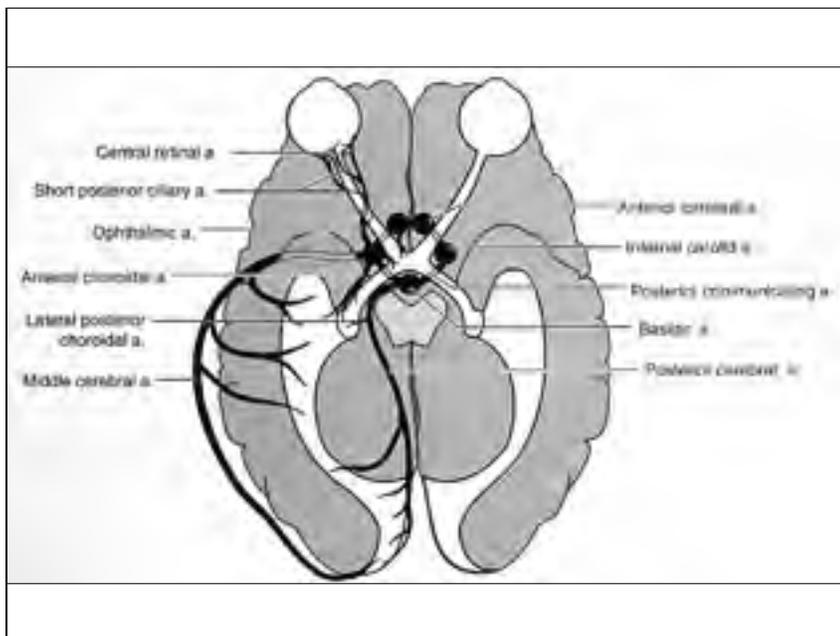
Intraluminal Retinal Artery (Hollenhorst) Plaque



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Causes of Transient Visual Loss

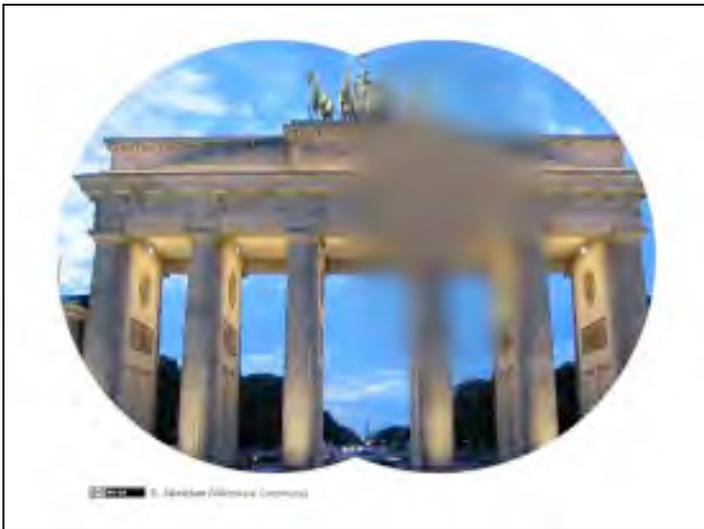
- Binocular
 1. Visual cortex ischemia
 2. Migraine



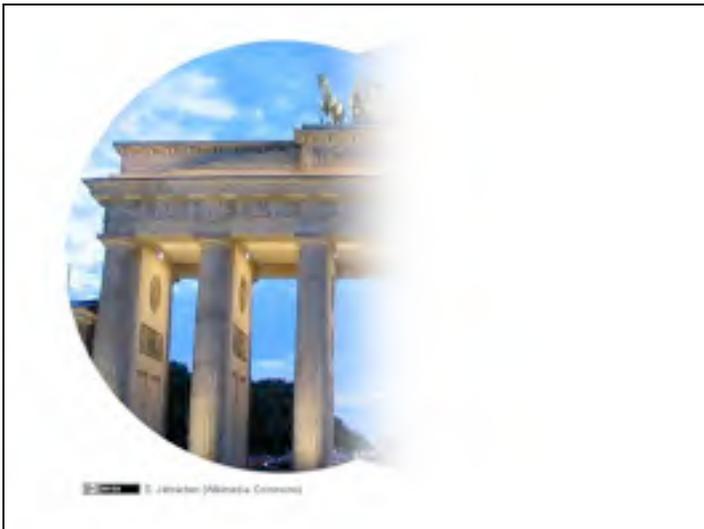
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**Causes of Acute
Persistent Visual Loss**

1. Vitreous hemorrhage
2. Retinal detachment
3. Retinal hemorrhage
4. Retinal infection
5. Retinal artery occlusion

**Causes of Acute
Persistent Visual Loss**

6. Optic nerve infarction (ischemic optic neuropathy)
7. Optic neuritis
8. Optic nerve compression/infiltration by cancer

**Causes of Acute
Persistent Visual Loss**

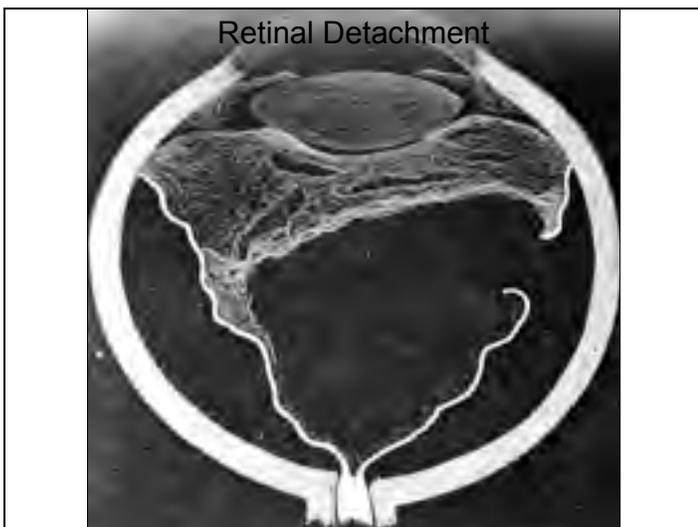
9. Occipital lobe infarction

Causes of Acute Persistent Visual Loss

10. Psychogenic illness

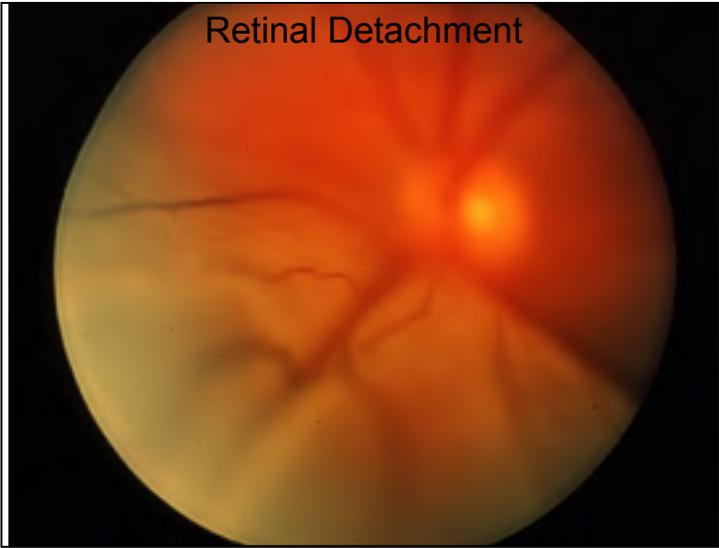


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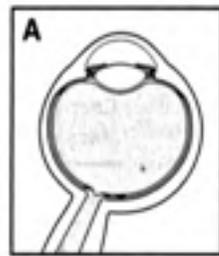


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Retinal Detachment



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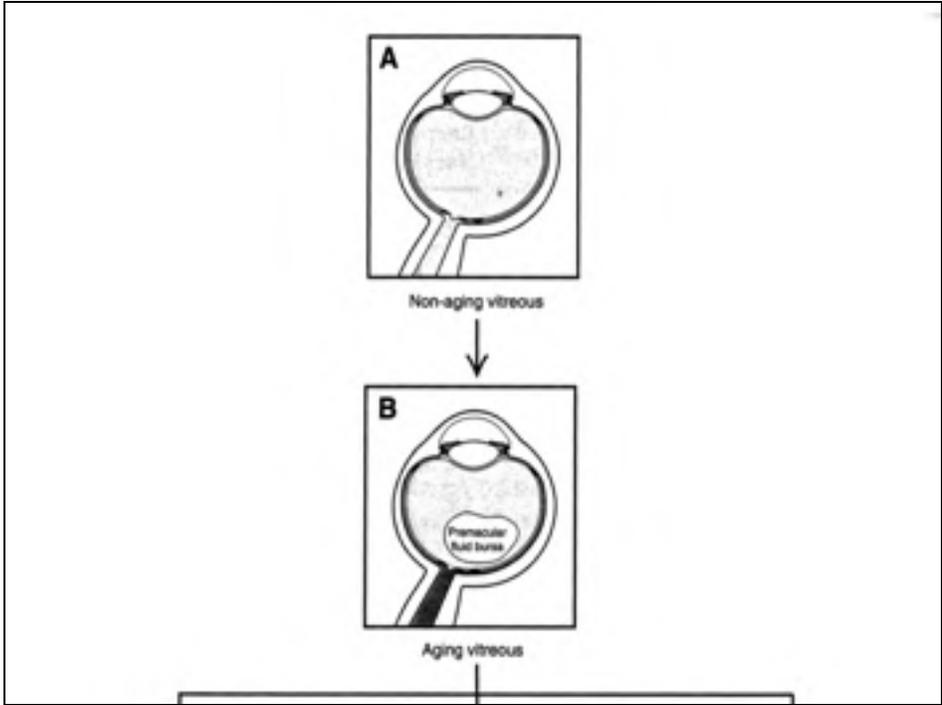


Non-aging vitreous

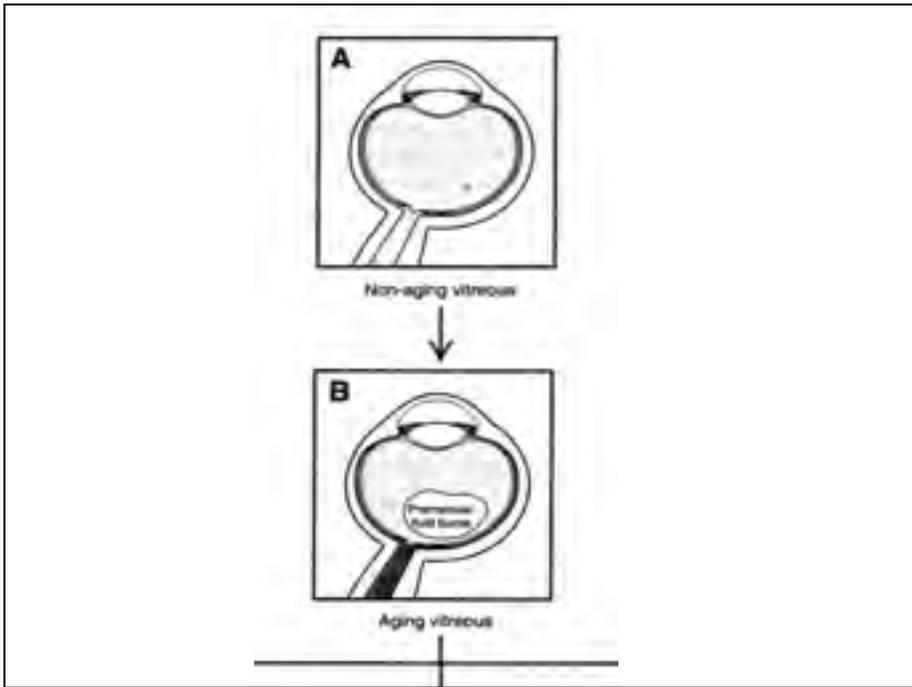


Aging vitreous

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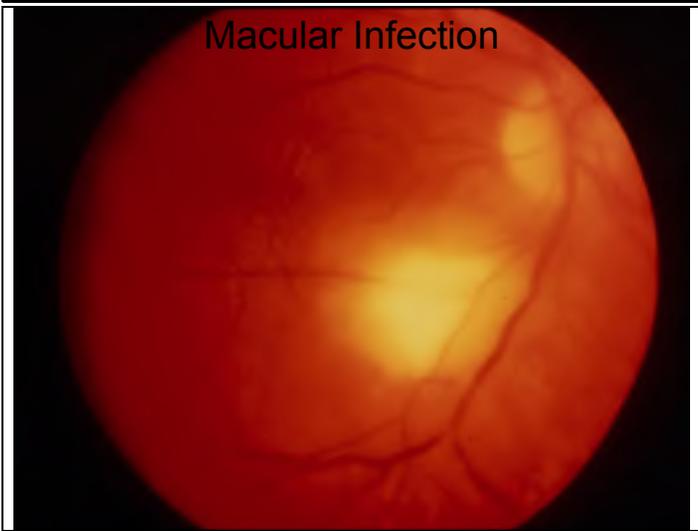
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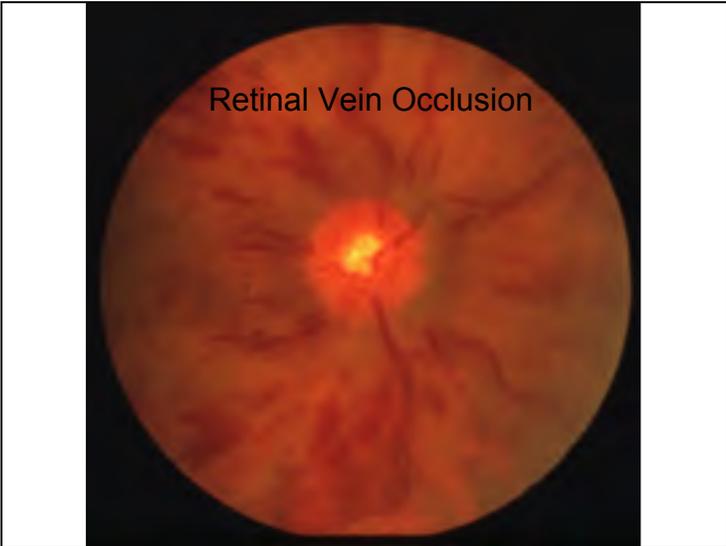
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Normal Retina



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Retinal Vein Occlusion



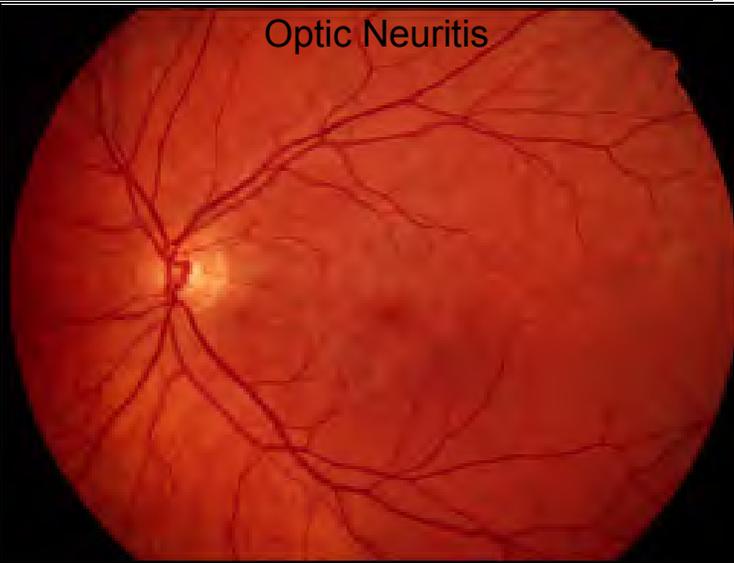
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Optic Nerve Infarction



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Optic Neuritis



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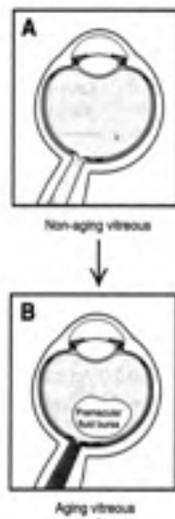
Occipital Lobe Infarction
Occipital Lobe Infarction



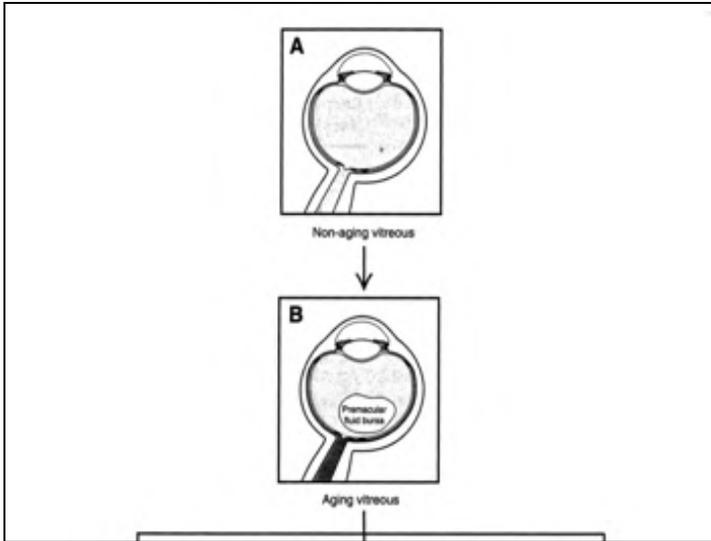
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Causes of Flashes of Light

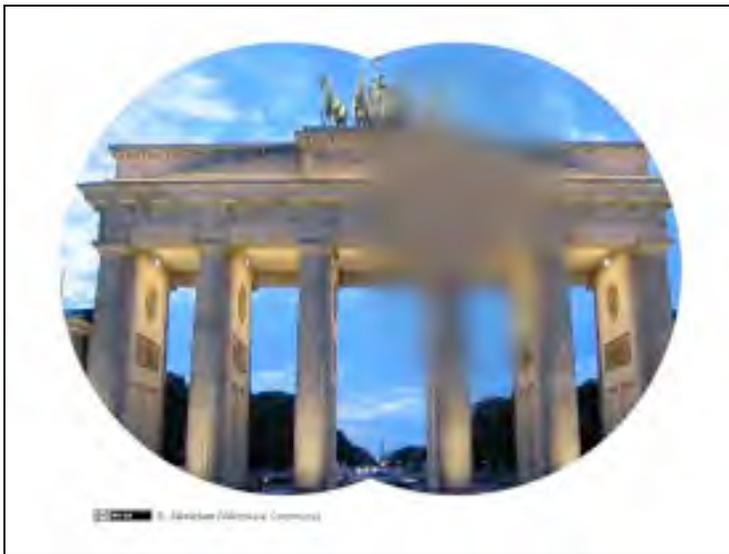
- **Monocular**
 1. Vitreoretinal traction
 2. Impending retinal vascular occlusion
- **Binocular**
 1. Migraine
 2. Occipital lobe ischemia



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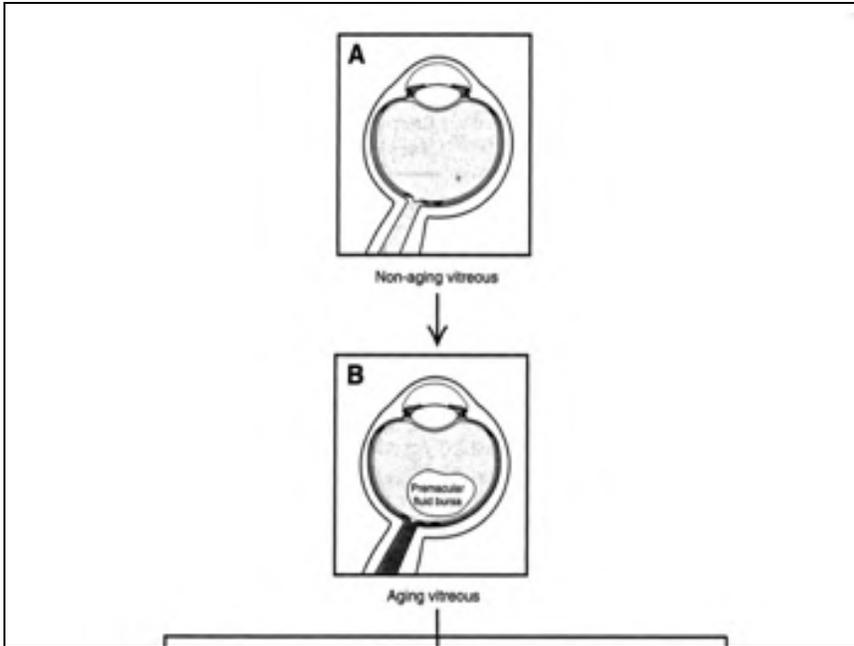
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Causes of Floaters

- Aging or myopic vitreous
- Vitreous detachment
- Vitreous hemorrhage
- Vitreous inflammation



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Causes of Diplopia

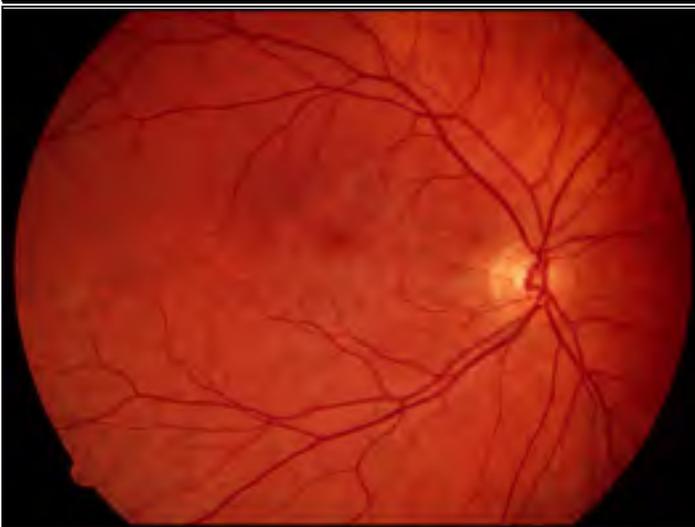
- Binocular
 1. Ocular misalignment
 2. Psychogenic
- Monocular
 1. Uncorrected refractive error
 2. Corneal lesion
 3. Cataract



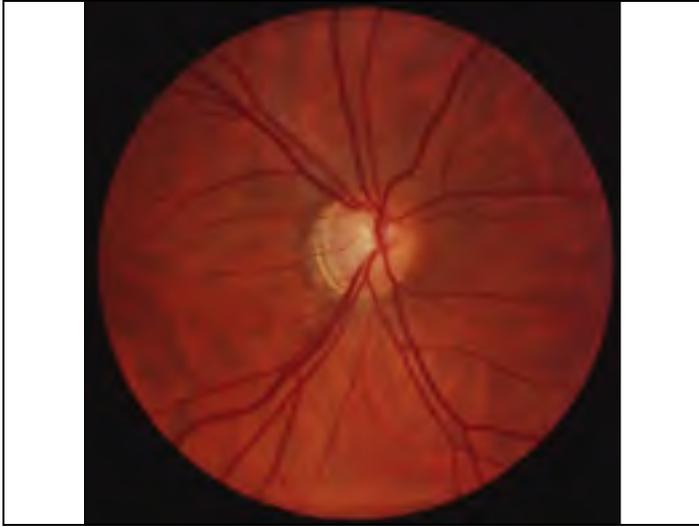
 Trobe, J. *The Physician's Guide to Eye Care*. 3e. American Academy of Ophthalmology, 2006.

Causes of Optic Disc Excavation

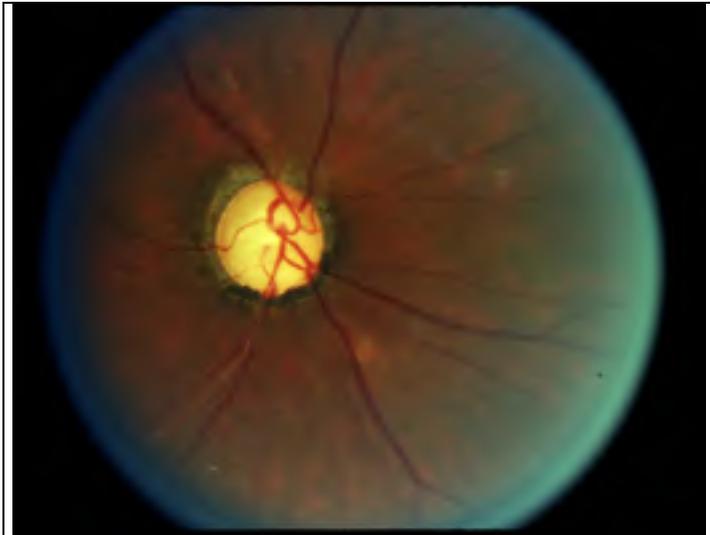
- Physiologic
- Glaucoma
- Other optic neuropathies



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