## The Finite Element Method for Problems in Physics

## Coding Assignment 1

Consider the following differential equation of elastostatics, in strong form:

Find u satisfying

$$(E A u_{,x})_{,x} + f A = 0$$
, in  $(0, L)$ ,

for the following sets of boundary conditions and forcing function ( $\bar{f}$  is a constant):

(i) 
$$u(0) = g_1, u(L) = g_2, f = \bar{f}x,$$

(ii) 
$$u(0) = g_1$$
,  $EAu_{,x} = h$  at  $x = L$ ,  $f = \bar{f}x$ ,

where 
$$E=10^{11}$$
 Pa,  $A=10^{-4}$  m<sup>2</sup>,  $\bar{f}=10^{11}$  Nm<sup>-4</sup>,  $L=0.1$  m,  $g_1=0,\,g_2=0.001$  m, and  $h=10^6$  N.

Coding Instructions: Write a one-dimensional finite element code to solve the given problem, following these requirements:

- Code (a) linear, (b) quadratic and (c) cubic order Lagrange polynomial basis functions.
- Include a function to calculate the  $L^2$  norm of the error between the finite element solution  $(u^h)$  with the exact solution (u), given by  $\sqrt{\int_{\Omega} (u-u^h)^2 dx}$ .
- All integration in  $K_{local}$ ,  $F_{local}$ , and the L<sup>2</sup> norm of the error should be done by Gaussian quadrature (see Lecture 4.11), instead of using the analytical solution to the integrals shown in the lectures.